



Hedging in Today's Rate Environment: Flat Curve and Rising Rates

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What We Will Cover

- Why Hedge?
 - Key Benefits
 - Income Possibilities
 - Protect and Generate NIM
- How the Flat Curve is Effecting Hedging
- Yield Maintenance and Forward Swaps
- The Flexibility of a Hedge
- Questions?

Key Benefits



Reduce interest rate risk

Reduce credit risk of borrower by stabilizing DSC

Grow and defend your loan portfolio

Generate fees

Stickier and stays on balance sheet longer

Income Possibilities

- Earn an upfront fee by increasing the swap rate

- Traditional Fixed Rate:

Swap Rate	1.50%
Monthly Spread	<u>2.75%</u>
Fixed Rate	4.25%

- Fixed Rate with Fee:

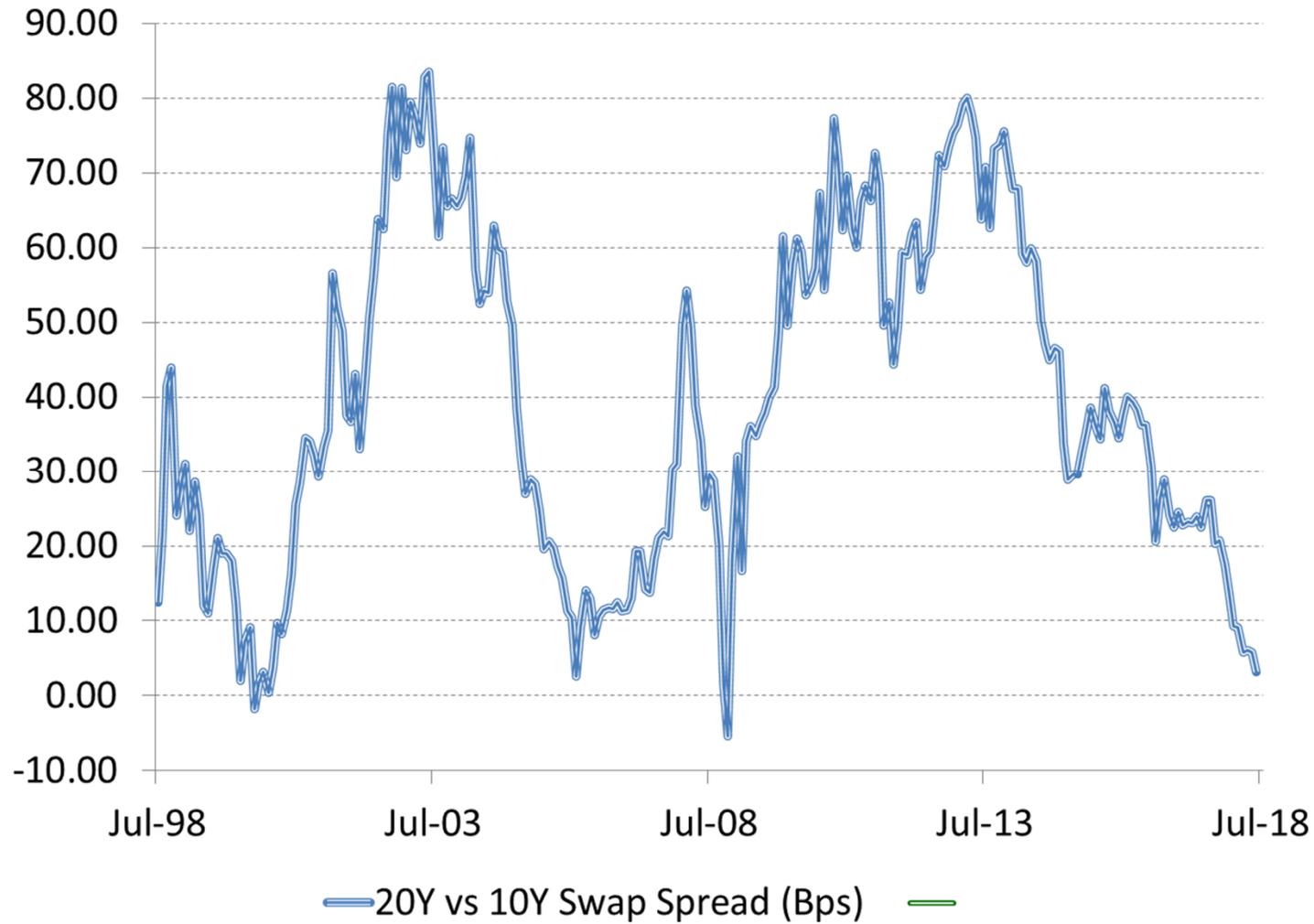
Swap Rate	1.60% (inc. 10bp fee)
Monthly Spread	<u>2.75%</u>
Fixed Rate	4.35%

- A 10bp upfront fee on a \$1 million 10Y loan is approximately \$7,000

Effects of the Flat Curve on Hedging

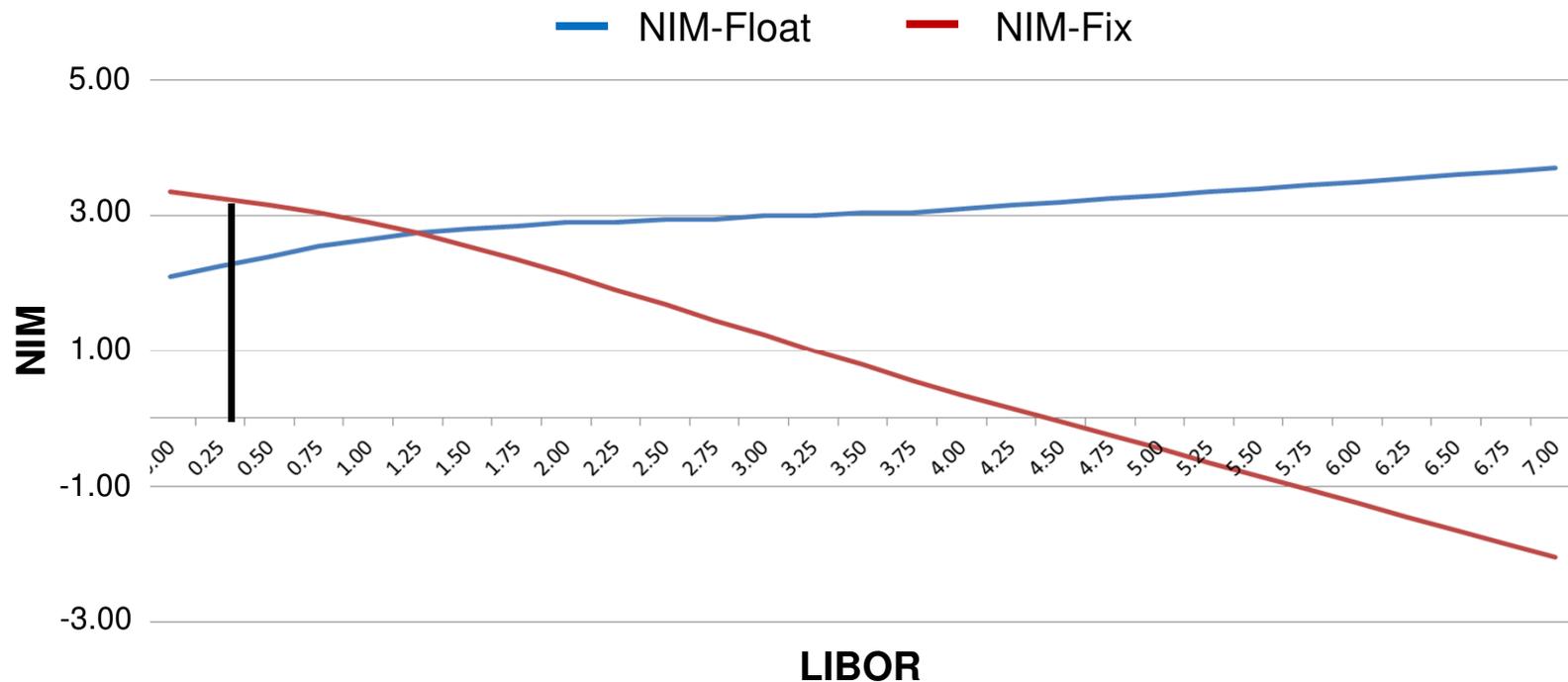
- Less give up on margin at inception of loan and hedge
- Astute borrower's are going further out the curve to procure long term coupons
- Advantageous for symmetrical yield maintenance
- More utilization of forwards

LIBOR Swap Rates: 20Y vs 10Y



Protect and Generate NIM

- Contractually exchange fixed income stream to floating using swap market
- 5 Year Fixed NIM vs. any Floating Rate Term NIM Priced at LIBOR + 2.50%



Fixed Rate Pricing: LIBOR + 2.50%

Indicative Fixed Rate to Achieve Required Margin

		TERM																
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	15	20						
A M O R T I Z A T I O N	3	5.29																
	5	5.35	5.37	5.38														
	7	5.37	5.40	5.41	5.42	5.42												
	10	5.38	5.41	5.43	5.44	5.45	5.46	5.47	5.47									
	12	5.37	5.41	5.43	5.44	5.46	5.46	5.48	5.48	5.49								
	15	5.38	5.41	5.43	5.44	5.46	5.47	5.47	5.49	5.50	5.51							
	20	5.38	5.41	5.43	5.45	5.46	5.47	5.49	5.50	5.52	5.53	5.53						
	25	5.38	5.41	5.43	5.45	5.46	5.48	5.49	5.50	5.52	5.54	5.54						
	30	5.38	5.42	5.44	5.45	5.46	5.48	5.49	5.51	5.53	5.54	5.54						

1-Month LIBOR: 2.08%

Source: Bloomberg

Yield Maintenance

- If the borrower decides to prepay partially or in full, the hedge has to be lifted at the then existing swap replacement rate
- At time of prepayment, if the replacement swap rate is:

 hedge gain

 hedge loss

- Documentation will require the borrower to reimburse the hedge provider for a hedge loss or alternatively, if there is a hedge gain, the hedge provider pays the gain to the borrower

Yield Maintenance: \$1MM, 20Y due 10Y

Remaining Term	Swap Rate at Prepayment vs. Initial Swap Rate				
	+0.50%	+0.25%	0%	-0.25%	-0.50%
	3.50%	3.25%	3.00%	2.75%	2.50%
10yrs	\$36,152	\$18,275		(\$18,684)	(\$37,788)
9yrs	\$32,348	\$16,337		(\$16,669)	(\$33,677)
8yrs	\$28,558	\$14,408		(\$14,672)	(\$29,612)
7yrs	\$24,792	\$12,495		(\$12,697)	(\$25,600)
6yrs	\$21,058	\$10,602		(\$10,751)	(\$21,653)
5yrs	\$17,367	\$8,735		(\$8,838)	(\$17,782)
4yrs	\$13,731	\$6,899		(\$6,965)	(\$13,997)
3yrs	\$10,163	\$5,100		(\$5,138)	(\$10,313)
2yrs	\$6,675	\$3,346		(\$3,363)	(\$6,742)
1yrs	\$3,282	\$1,643		(\$1,647)	(\$3,299)
	Borrower Receives Fee			Borrower Pays Fee	

Alternative to Yield Maintenance

For those borrowers that are not interested in yield maintenance, there is an alternative structure more typically used in CRE financings.

Borrower



- No Yield Maintenance
- Traditional Prepayment Penalty
- Simpler Documentation
- Slightly higher fixed rate *

Bank



- Easier for lenders to market
- Potential for more loan originations, both C&I and CRE
- “Soft Exposure” easier to quantify

Prepayment Penalty:*

5 yr- 5,4,3
7 yr- 5,4,3,2
10 yr- 5,4,3,2,1
12 yr – 5,5,4,3,2,1

* Incremental cost will vary depending on prepayment period and penalty, which are flexible to suit the needs of the borrower.

Hedging through Forwards

- Lock in fixed rate for borrower and floating spread for financial institution before closing permanent financing
- Typically used for construction loans or extended closing periods from a few weeks to 24 months
- Borrower signs Forward Rate Lock Agreement and is responsible for symmetrical yield maintenance from time of lock
- Borrower secures the forward rate lock with the underlying DoT/Mortgage
- Lock in financing at a competing bank prior to the note maturing
- Primarily used when a borrower and lender are certain of consummating the term loan
- Forward missed the mark. How handle?

Examples of Hedging Flexibility

- Accommodates any structure out to 25Ys and a 30Y amortization
 - Includes: mortgage style, straight line, stair step, accreting schedule, and IO
- Can be placed on any amount (up to full amount)
 - And on any term (up to the full term)
- Assignable/assumable to a new property and/or new borrower
- Simple modification process allows for use on existing note(s)
- Amend/Extend a currently hedged loan blending prepay into new principal to avoid out of pocket expense for borrower
- Re-coupon a currently hedged loan to retain borrower

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